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## Present Problem

Food Waste

















#### Food Waste

## Increasing quantity of food waste

- \* 558,900 tonnes(2007) ->
  809,800 tonnes(2017)
- Almost similar quantity as plastic
- x 16% recycled













### Food Waste

#### **Types**

- Agriculture
- \* Household
- Food Processing













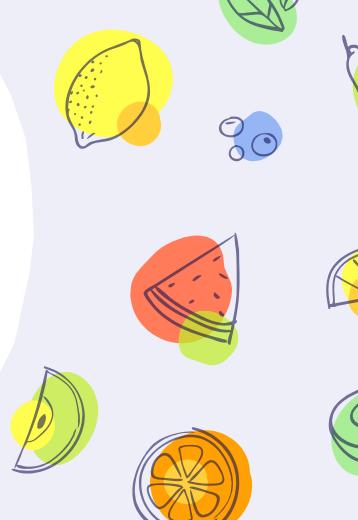






## 2. Possible Solutions

Value adding waste



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## Value-adding Waste

But in Singapore...



Agriculture

Composting

Eg. Unwanted parts of crop



Household

Composting

Eg. Bokashi

Eg. Fruit peels, leftovers





Processing

Biotransformation

Eg. Waste from soybean processing, coffee processing

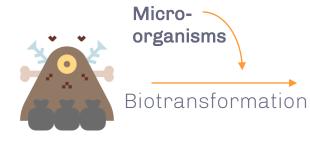






### Biotransformation

Using enzyme/ microorganisms to chemically modify a food waste







# 3. Insights

Benefits, Limitations

























#### **Benefits**

#### Limitations

Nutritious, based on type of waste used

Longer time than incineration

Low cost of production

Limited trash sorting in

Singapore

Environmentally sustainable

Only certain kinds of food

Useful to help with land scarcity

## Applying Concept from Eat & Co





### Possible Business Model Co

